Q11193 2020. 10

OPERATION MANUAL

Soosan Hydraulic Breaker

SQ Series

CE



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OPERATION

MANUAL

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OPERATION MANUAL

Soosan Hydraulic Breaker



SERIOUS INJURY OR DEATH COULD RESULT FROM THE IMPROPER REPAIR OR SERIVICE OF THIS HYDRAULIC BREAKER. REPAIRS AND / OR SERVICE TO THIS HYDRAULIC BREAKER MUST ONLY BE DONE BY AN AUTHORIZED AND CERTIFIED DEALER.

Model	
Serial Number	
Year of Construction	



EC Declaration of Incorporation according to EC Machinery Directive 2006/42/EC

We herewith declare, Soosan Heavy Ind. Co., Ltd. of 260, Jeongmunsongsan-ro, Yanggam-Myeon, Hwaseong-Si, Gyunggi-Do, Korea

that the following machine complies with the appropriate basic safety and health requirements of the EC Directive(2006/42/EC) based on its design and type, as brought into circulation by us. In case of alteration of the machine, not agreed upon by us, this declaration will lose its validity. The machinery is incomplete and must not be put into service until the machinery into which it is to be incorporated has been declared in conformity with the provisions of the Directive.

Technical documentation for the machinery is maked by : Place : Soosan Heavy Ind. Co., Ltd 260, Jeongmunsongsan-ro, Yanggam-Myeon, Hwaseong-Si, Gyunggi-Do, Korea Position : Manager, R&D team Name : The technical documentation for the machinery is available from : Name : SOOSAN HEAVY INDUSTRIES CO., LTD EUROPE Adress : Ohmweg 18,3208 ke, Spijkenisse, Netherlands Description : Construction Machinery (not appendix IV) (Hydraulic Breaker) Machine Type : Serial Number : Applicable EC Directive : EC Machinery Directive (2006/42/EC) Applicable Harmonized Standards : EN ISO 12100-2010 EN474-1:2006/A4:2013 Applicable National Technical Standards And Specifications : Weight(kg) : Length(mm) : Oil flow(ℓ /min) : Operation Pressure(kg/cm²): Blows(bpm) :

Date/ Authorized Signature :

Title of Signatory :

A DANGER

DO NOT OPERATE THE HYDRAULIC BREAKER UNLESS THE FOLLOWING SAFETY INSTRUCTIONS HAVE BEEN THOROUGHLY READ AND UNDERSTOOD!

READ THIS MANUAL BEFORE INSTALLING, OPERATING OR MAINTAINING THIS EQUIPMENT.

- > Flying debris form the hydraulic breaker or other material may cause serious or fatal injury to the operator. Personal protection equipment must be used.
- > Flying debris hydraulic breaker or other materials may cause serious or fatal injury to bystanders. Never operate the grab when bystanders are in the working area.
- > On machines/carriers, the hydraulic breaker can enter the operator's compartment under specific hydraulic breaker position. Make sure that suitable impact shields are used when operating the hydraulic breaker with this type of equipment.
- > Do not operate the breaker unless all safety decals described in this manual are in place. The decals must be inspected periodically to ensure that all wording is legible. The decals must be replaced if illegible. Replacement decals can be obtained from your authorized Soosan Distributor.
- > The hydraulic breaker will become very hot during operation. Allow time for hydraulic breaker to cool down before touching hydraulic breaker parts.

If this machine is transferred, be sure to attach this manual to the machine.

For safety, common items are described "SAFETY PRECATUIONS", and others are mentioned in the succeeding pages.



FOREWORD

We appreciate your purchasing a Soosan Hydraulic Breaker. The Hydraulic Breaker, designed and built to provide durable operation under any working conditions, has been developed by Soosan's excellent engineering techniques with accumulated experiences for many years. Without proper handling, regular inspection and maintenance, however, the machine fails to display its full capacity, resulting in various troubles of machine parts.

This publication should be carefully read prior to installation and operation in order to prevent any mishandling of hydraulic breaker.

We guarantee that a faithful compliance of the instruction will contribute to the best operation condition.

Customers are, therefore, required to keep in mind that the company is not responsible for troubles caused by not following our guidelines or not using genuine parts.

Soosan Heavy Industries Co., Ltd.

01. Safety Precautions

1.1 Safety Precautions

This manual contains safety, operation, and routine maintenance instructions. It doesn't contain service disassembly and service assembly instructions. If needed, complete service disassembly and service assembly instructions are contained in manual which can be ordered from your Soosan Hydraulic Breaker authorized and certified dealer.

Please read the following warning.



Serious injury or death could result from the improper repair or service of this breaker. Repairs or service to this breaker must only be done by an authorized and certified dealer.

Most of the accidents are caused by disregarding the basic rules of operation inspection or repair, or by neglecting the inspection before operation. Many accidentscan often be avoided by recognizing potentially hazardous situations before an accident occurs. Before operating, inspecting or repairing this machine, be sure to read and fully understand the preventive methods and warnings described on the machine or in this manual. If not, never operate, inspect or repair this machine

Safety labels and messages are classified as follows so that the users can understand the warnings on the machine or in this manual.



Indicates an imminently hazardous situation which, if not avoided, will result in death or serious injury. This signal word is to be limited to the most extreme situations

Indicates a potentially hazardous situation which, if not avoided, could result in death or serious injury.

Indicates a potentially hazardous situation which, if not avoided, may result in minor or moderate injury, It may also be used to alert against unsafe practices.

NOTICE

Signs used to indicate a statement of company policy directly or indirectly related to the safety of personal or protection of property.

The safety messages including the preventive measures to avoid danger.

For safety, common items are described in "SAFETY PRECAUTIONS", and others are mentioned in the succeeding pages.



Soosan cannot anticipate every possible circumstance that might involve a potential hazard on operation, inspection or repair. Therefore the warnings in this manual are not all inclusive. If an operation, inspection or repair not described in this manual is used, you must take measures for safety by yourself.



Observe the cautions and take a preventive measure for safety

The Soosan Hydraulic Breaker will provide safe and dependable service if operated in accordance with the instructions given in this manual. Read and understand this manual, any decals and tags attached to the breaker before operation. Failure to do so could result in personal injury or equipment damage

The Soosan Hydraulic Breaker will provide safe and dependable service if operated in accordance with the instructions given in this manual. Read and understand this manual, any decals and tags attached to the breaker before operation. Failure to do so could result in personal injury or equipment damage

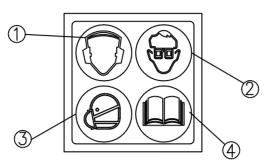
- Operate the breaker in accordance with all laws and regulations which affect you, your equipment, and the worksite.
- Do not operate the breaker until you have read this manual and thoroughly understood all safety, operation and maintenance instructions.
- Do not operate the breaker until you have read the carrier equipment manual and thoroughly understood backhoe or excavator or similar equipment used to operate the breaker. The word "carrier", as used in this manual, means a backhoe or excavator or similar equipment used to operate the breaker.
- Ensure that all maintenance procedures recommended in this manual are completed before using the equipment.
- The operator must not operate the breaker or carrier if any people are within the area where they may be injured by flying debris or movement of the equipment.
- Know the limits of your equipment.
- Before starting a work, Check the prohibitions, cautions and working processes in a working site with the field overseer, Observe all of them strictly.
- Wear such protective tools as a helmet, safety shoes, etc. to perform a work. Make use of the protective glasses, earplugs, gloves and other protective tools if necessary.
- Establish a training program for all operators to ensure safe operation. Do not operate the breaker unless thoroughly trained or under the supervision of an instructor. Become familiar with the carrier controls before operating carrier and breaker. While learning operate the breaker and carrier, do so at a slow pace. If necessary, set the carrier to the slow position.
- Make sure all controls(levers and pedals) are in the neutral position before starting the carrier.
- Before leaving the carrier, always lower the boom and insure the carrier is stable. Never leave the machine with the engine running. Always engage the parking brake.
- Stop the engine before attempting to make any repairs, adjustments or servicing to either the carrier or the breaker.

- Do not operate the breaker at oil temperature above 175°F/80°C. Operation at higher temperature can damage the internal components of the breaker and carrier and will result in reduced breaker performance.
- Do not operate a damaged, leaking, improperly adjusted, or incompletely assembled breaker.
- Do not modify this breaker in any manner.
- Use only breaker parts manufactured by Soosan. Usage of breaker rod produced by another manufacturer may damage the breaker and will void the warranty.
- To avoid personal injury or equipment damage, all breaker repair, maintenance and service must only be performed by authorized and properly trained personnel.
- If you do not understand how to operate safely your breaker, contact an authorized Soosan Dealer for assistance.
- Keep this manual with the breaker.
- Do not operate this equipment if you are taking medication which may affect your mental judgement or physical performance.
- Do not operate this equipment if you are under the influence of drug or alcohol.
- Remove breaker form carrier during transportation.



1.2 Stickers & Tags

- Warning sticker
- 1) Use ear protection
- 3) Use breathing protection
- 2) Use eye protection
- 4) Read the manual before use

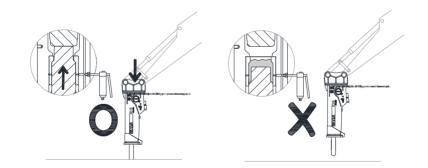


■ Greasing Sticker



Correct Greasing

- 1) Position the Breaker standing upright resting on the rod on firm surface.
- 2) Stop carrier engine and wait 10 minutes for oil pressure to drop inside Breaker.
- 3) Apply Rod grease from grease gun to greasing points marked with the following sticker.
- Note : The Breaker must stand upright resting on the tool to ensure that the grease will penetrate downwards between the tool and the bushing. Do not fill the space between the piston and the rod with grease. A lower piston seal failure can result and the Breaker will subsequently leak oil.



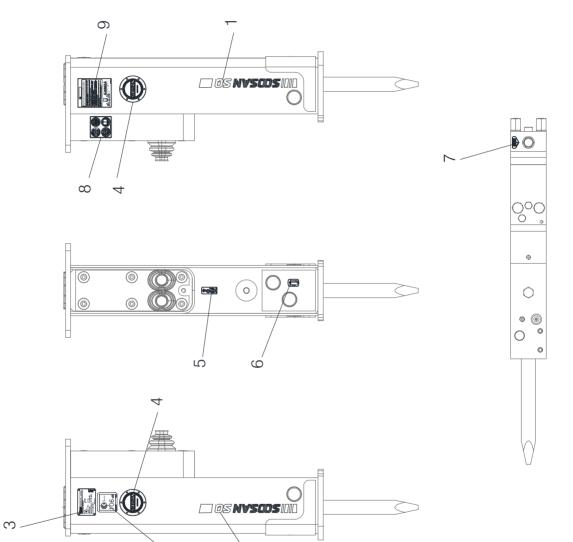
■ Specification plate (For Example SQ70)



SQ10 ~ SQ50	Q50									
NO.	Cticker	-	r	4	വ	Q	7	ω	б	10
MODEL	Ass'y	BI STICKER	NAME PLATE	EMBLEM	LIFTING STICKER	GREASE STICKER	BACK HEAD STICKER	WARNING STICKER	DANGER STICKER	NOISE STICKER
SQ10	B0003557	B0003627	B0003635	B0003440	C23344	D83168	E83144	E83211	E83210	B0003643
SQ20	B0003558	B0003628	B0003636	B0003440	C23344	D83168	E83144	E83211	E83210	B0003644
SQ30	B0003559	B0003629	B0003637	B0003440	C23344	D83168	C02135	E83211	E83210	B0003645
SQ35	B0003560	B0003630	B0003638	B0003441	C23344	D83168	C02135	E83211	E83210	B0003646
SQ40	B0003561	B0003631	B0003639	B0003441	C23344	D83168	C02135	E83211	E83210	B0003647
SQ43	B0003562	B0003632	B0003640	B0003441	C23344	D83168	C02135	E83211	E83210	B0003648
SQ45	B0003563	B0003633	B0003641	B0003441	C23344	D83168	C02135	E83211	E83210	B0003649
SQ50	B0003564	B0003634	B0003642	B0003441	C23344	D83168	C02135	E83211	E83210	B0003650

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OPERATION MANUAL



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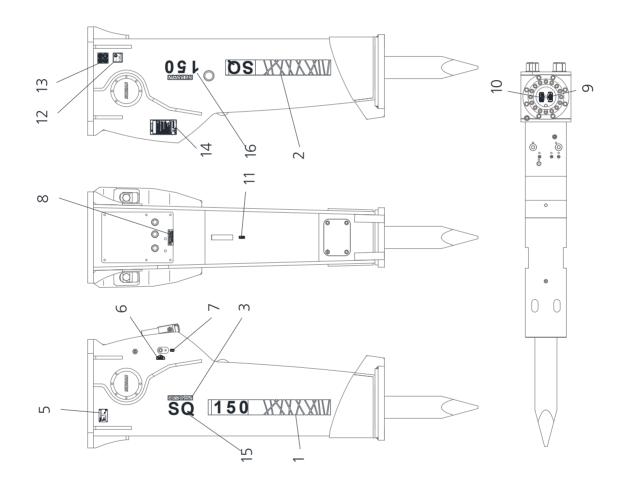


16	BI STICKER	Q53132	Q63138	Q23142	Q73141	Q83137	Q43144	Q03133	Q33144	I
15	BI STICKER	Q53131	Q53131	Q53131	Q53131	Q53131	Q43143	Q43143	Q43143	I
14	DANGER STICKER	Q53134								
13	WARNING STICKER	D83166								
12	NOISE STICKER	Q53139	Q63140	Q23144	Q73143	Q83139	Q43147	Q03135	Q33146	Q13174
=	LIFTING STICKER	C23344								
10	ACC STICKER (B)	C62213								
0	ACC STICKER (A)	C62212								
ω	LOGO STICKER	Q53150								
2	GREASE STICKER	D83168								
Q	BACK HEAD STICKER	C02135								
Q	NAME STICKER	Q53149	Q63148	Q23150	Q73151	Q83145	Q43154	Q03181	Q33153	Q13225
n	SOOSAN LOGO	Q53148	D53148	Q53148	Q53148	Q53148	Q43153	Q43153	Q43153	I
5	BI STICKER (R)	Q53147	D53147	Q53147	Q73150	Q73150	Q43152	Q43152	Q33152	Q13224
-	BI STICKER (L)	Q53146	Q63147	Q23149	Q73149	Q83144	Q43151	Q03180	Q33151	Q13223
NO. 2010	Sticker Ass'y	Q53145	Q63146	Q23148	Q73148	Q83143	Q43150	Q03179	Q33150	Q13222
	MODEL	SQ60	SQ70	SQ80	SQ100	SQ120	SQ130	SQ140	SQ150	SQ181

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Local safety regulations.

Enter any local safety regulation here, keep these instructions in an area accessible to the operator and maintenance personnel.

02. Standard Specification(1/2)

Rate High Hose Diameter						MO	DEL			
DESCRI	IPTION	UNIT	SQ10	SQ20	SQ30	SQ35	SQ40	SQ43	SQ45	SQ50
Body V	Veight	kg	54	68	90	130	155	215	292	469
,	0	lbs	119	150	199	287	342	474	644	1035
~		kg	104	130	156	231	299	379	566	845
Operating	g Weight	lbs	229	287	344	510	660	836	1249	1864
		mm	1135	1237	1317	1472	1620	1899	2161	2348
Len	gth	in	45	49	52	58	64	75	85	92
		mm	264	264	264	324	324	324	420	420
Wic	ith	in	10	10	10	13	13	13	17	17
Requ	iired	ℓ /min	15~35	20~45	25~55	30~65	40~75	50~90	60~110	80~120
		gal/min	4~9	5.3~11.9	6.6~14.5	7.9~17.2	13.2~23.8	13.2~23.8	15.9~29.1	21.1~31.7
Opera	atina	kg/cm² (≒bar)	90~120	90~120	90~120	100~130	110~140	120~150	130~160	17 80~120 .1 21.1~31.7 0 150~170 2134 ~2418 650
-	-	psi	1280 ~1707	1280 ~1707	1280 ~1707	1422 ~1849	1565 ~1991	1707 ~2134	1849 ~2276	:
	Low	BPM	-	-	-	960 ~1690	900 ~1650	474 644 11 379 566 8 836 1249 12 1899 2161 2 75 85 2161 324 420 420 13 17 800 $13, 2\sim 23, 8$ $15, 9\sim 29, 1$ $21, 1$ $120\sim 150$ $130\sim 160$ 150 1707 1849 2 ~ 2134 ~ 2276 ~ 2136 800 740 ~ 2136 ~ 700 670 ~ 700 ~ 1130 7195 350 1102 $3/4$ 350 $1/2$ $3/4$ 350 $1/2$ $3/4$ 350 $1/2$ $3/4$ 350 $1/2$ $3/4$ 350 11020 15430 190 ~ 26455 ~ 33070 ~ 33070	650 ~1020	
	Middle	BPM	-	-	-	800 ~1290	790 ~1220			590~880
	High	ВРМ	800 ~1530	700 ~1320	600 ~1250	620 ~1040	570 ~1020	540~800	525~850	455~730
Hose Di	ameter	in	3/8,1/2	3/8,1/2	1/2	1/2	1/2	1/2	3/4	3/4
		mm	40	45	53	60	68	75	85	100
Rod Dia	ameter	in	1.6	1.8	2,1	2.4	2.7	3.0	3.3	3.9
		m³	~0.07	0.03~0.1	0.06~0.2	0.1~0.25	0.15~0.3	0.2~0.35	0.25~0.5	469 1035 845 1864 2348 92 420 17 80~120 1 21,1~31,: 150~170 2134 ~2418 650 ~1020 590~880 455~730 3/4 100 3,9
Applic		ton	0.8~2.5	1.2~3.0	2.0~4.5	3.0~6.0	4.0~9.0	5~12	7~15	
Carr	ner	lbs	1760 ~5510	2645 ~6615	4410 ~9920	6615 ~13220	8820 ~19840			:
Noise	Level	dB(A)	105.5	106.8	108.5	116.9	108.7	114.5	112.0	113.5

* Operating weight include Cap, Rod weight by AEM regulation.

(Except for pin, hose, fitting and tubing)
* The above specifications are subject to change without prior notice for the quality enhancement..

* Rod is long type standard.



02. Standard Specification(2/2)

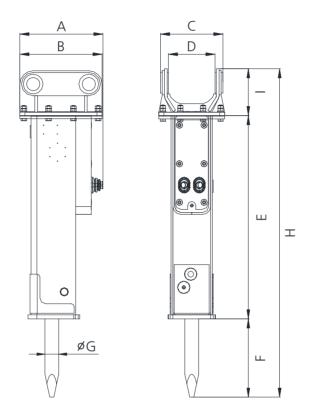
DESCRIPTION Body Weight (Including rod) Operating Weigh Length Length Kequired Oil Flow Operating Pressure Operating Pressure Low High Hose Diameter Applicable Carrier							MODEL				
	PTION	UNIT	SQ60	SQ70	SQ80	SQ100	SQ120	SQ130	SQ140	SQ150	SQ181
Body M	Veight	kg	737	862	1084	1116	1425	1605	1806	1945	3096
		lbs	1625	1900	2389	2460	3142	3538	3982	4288	6825
		kg	1607	1759	2053	2185	2671	3033	3169	1945 4288 3950 8708 3677 145 793 31 210~290 55,5~76,6 160~180 2276 ~2560 200~350 320~470 14 175	5889
Operating	g Weight	lbs	3543	3878	4526	4817	5889	6687	6986	8708	12983
(Including r Operating We Length Width Required Oil Flow Operating Pressure Impact L Rate L Hose Diame		mm	2561	2666	2806	2924	3168	3360	3441	3677	4112
Lenç	gth	in	101	105	110	115	125	132	135	1945 4288 3950 8708 3677 145 793 145 793 31 210~290 155,5~76,6 160~180 2276 ~2560 200~350 320~470 11 175 6,9 1.4~2,0 40~55	162
		mm	620	620	669	694	760	756	761		891
Wid	lth	in	24	24	26	27	30	30	30	31	35
Requ	ired	≬/min	90~120	100~150	120~180	150~210	180~240	200~260	200~260	210~290	350~450
•		gal/min	23.8~31.7	26.4~39.6	31.7~47.6	39.6~55.5	47.6~63.4	52.8~68.7	52.8~68.7	55.5~76.6	93~119
Opera	atina	kg/cm² (≒bar)	160~180	160~180	160~180	160~180	160~180	160~180	160~180	160~180	180~200
•	0	psi	2276 ~2560	2276 ~2560	2276 ~2560	2276 ~2560	2276 ~2560	2276 ~2560	2276 ~2560	:	2560 ~2845
Impact	Low	BPM	350~650	350~600	350~500	300~450	300~450	250~400	200~350	200~350	200~300
	High	BPM	600~850	500~850	500~700	430~580	430~580	380~550	300~500	320~470	300~400
Hose Di	ameter	in	1	1	1	1	1 1	1 <u>1</u>	1 <u>1</u>	1 1	1 1
		mm	125	135	140	150	155	165	165	175	200
Rod Dia	ameter	in	4.9	5.3	5.5	5.9	6.1	6.5	6.5	6.9	7.9
		m³	0.5~0.7	0.6~0.8	0.7~0.9	0.9~1.2	1.1~1.4	1.2~1.7	1.2~1.7	1.4~2.0	2.0~5.0
		ton	15~18	16~21	18~26	25~30	28~35	30~45	30~45	40~55	50~90
		lbs	33000~ 40000	40000~ 46000	40000~ 58000	55000~ 66000	62000~ 77000	66000~ 100000	71000~ 110000		110000~ 200000
Noise	Level	dB(A)	115	120	118	120	123	124	124	125	125

* Operating weight include Cap, Rod weight by AEM regulation.

(Except for pin, hose, fitting and tubing)
* The above specifications are subject to change without prior notice for the quality enhancement..

* Rod is long type standard.

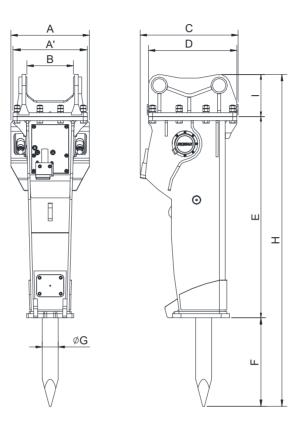
3.1 Small range (1/2)



MODEL	UNIT	A	В	С	D	E	F	G	Н	I
0010	mm	307	272	264	152	724	267	40	1135	144
SQ10	in	12.1	10.7	10.4	6.0	28.5	10.5	1.6	44.7	5.7
0000	mm	314	272	264	162	797	286	45	1237	154
SQ20	in	12.4	10.7	10.4	6.4	31.4	11,3	1.8	48.7	6.1
0000	mm	327	272	264	162	868	295	53	1317	154
SQ30	in	12.8	10.7	10.3	6.3	34.1	11.6	2.0	51 <u>.</u> 8	6.0
0025	mm	408	404	324	165	933	339	60	1472	200
SQ35	in	16.0	15.9	12.7	6.4	36.7	13.3	2.3	57.9	7.8
SQ40	mm	408	404	324	220	1016	385	68	1620	219
3040	in	16.0	15.9	12.7	8.6	40.0	15 <u>.</u> 1	2.6	63.7	8.6
0042	mm	412	404	324	220	1203	467	75	1899	229
SQ43	in	12.8	10.7	10.3	6.3	34.1	11.6	2.0	51.8	6.0
SQ45	mm	570	570	420	267	1336	556	85	2161	269
5045	in	22.4	22.4	16.5	10.5	52.5	21.8	3.3	85.0	10.5
8050	mm	570	570	420	330	1476	540	100	2348	332
SQ50	in	22.4	22.4	16.5	12.9	58.1	21.2	3.9	92.4	13.0

** D, I, H : The dimension is for reference only and may vary depending on the required mounting bracket (Top Cap).





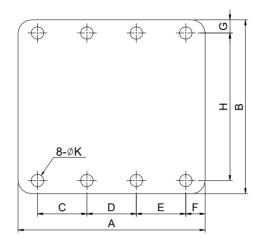
3.2 Medium & Heavy-duty range (2/2)

MODEL	UNIT	A' Upper Plate	А	В	С	D	E	F	G	Н	I
0000	mm	620	620	360	766	700	1615	589	125	2561	357
SQ60	in	24.4	24.4	14.1	30.1	27.5	63.5	23.1	4.9	100.8	14.0
0.070	mm	620	620	360	765	700	1659	650	135	2666	357
SQ70	in	24.4	24.4	14.1	30.1	27.5	65.3	25.5	5.3	104.9	14.0
0000	mm	620	669	360	833	760	1744	705	140	2806	357
SQ80	in	24.4	26.3	14.1	32.7	29.9	68.6	27.7	5.5	110.4	14.0
00100	mm	620	694	430	904	760	1849	692	150	2924	383
SQ100	in	24.4	27.3	16.9	35.5	29.9	72.7	27.2	5.9	115.1	15.0
00100	mm	720	760	450	948	856	1920	846	155	3168	402
SQ120	in	28.3	29.9	17.7	37.3	33.7	75.5	33.3	6.1	124.7	15.8
00100	mm	720	756	450	951	856	2086	872	165	3360	402
SQ130	in	28.3	29.7	17.7	37.4	33.7	82.1	34.3	6.4	132.2	15.8
00140	mm	720	761	450	965	856	2167	872	165	3441	402
SQ140	in	28.3	29.9	17.7	37.9	33.7	85.3	34.3	6.4	135.4	15.8
00150	mm	720	793	495	992	856	2343	839	175	3677	495
SQ150	in	28.3	31,2	19.4	39.0	33.7	92.2	33.0	6.8	144.7	19.4
00101	mm	850	891	675	1081	950	2671	912	200	4112	529
SQ181	in	33.4	35.0	26.5	42.5	37.4	105.1	35.9	7.8	161.8	20.8

** B, I, H : The dimension is for reference only and may vary depending on the required mounting plate (Top Cap).

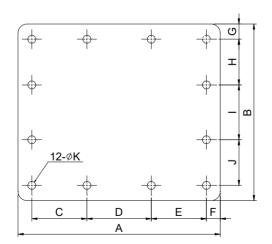
3.3 Cover Plate

■ SQ10~43



MODEL	HOLE (EA)	UNIT				D			G		К
SQ10	0	mm	272	264	74	74	74	25	20	224	19
SQ10 ~SQ30	0	in	10.70	10.39	2,91	2,91	2,91	0.98	0.78	8,81	0.74
SQ35 ~SQ43	٥	mm	404	324	115	124	115	25	25	274	21
~SQ43	0	in	15.90	12.75	4.52	4.88	4.52	0.98	0.98	10.78	0.82

■ SQ45~50

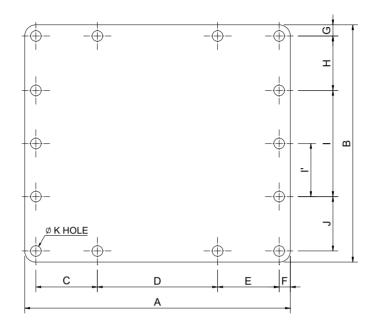


MODEL	HOLE (EA)	UNIT				D			G		I
SQ45	10	mm	570	420	170	180	170	25	25	120	130
SQ45 ~SQ50	12	in	22.44	16.53	6.69	7.08	6.69	0.98	0.98	4.72	5.11





■ SQ60~181



MODEL	HOLE (EA)	UNIT	А	В	С	D	E	F	G	Н	I	ľ	J	к
SQ60	12	mm	760	620	225	240	225	35	35	175	200	-	175	26
5000	12	in	29.92	24.40	8.85	9.44	8.85	1.37	1.37	6.88	7.87	-	6.88	1.02
SQ70	12	mm	760	620	225	240	225	35	35	175	200	-	175	26
5070	12	in	29.92	24.40	8.85	9.44	8.85	1.37	1.37	6.88	7.87	-	6.88	1.02
SQ80	12	mm	760	620	225	240	225	35	35	175	200	-	175	26
5000	12	in	29.92	24.40	8.85	9.44	8.85	1.37	1.37	6.88	7.87	-	6.88	1.02
00100	12	mm	760	620	225	240	225	35	35	175	200	-	175	26
SQ100	12	in	29.92	24.40	8.85	9.44	8.85	1.37	1.37	6.88	7.87	-	6.88	1.02
SQ120	12	mm	856	720	258	260	258	40	40	220	200	-	220	38
30120	12	in	33.70	28.34	10,15	10.23	10,15	1.57	1.57	8.66	7.87	-	8.66	1.49
0.120	12	mm	856	720	258	260	258	40	40	220	200	-	220	38
SQ130	12	in	33.70	28.34	10.15	10.23	10.15	1.57	1.57	8.66	7.87	-	8.66	1.49
00140	12	mm	856	720	258	260	258	40	40	220	200	-	220	38
SQ140	12	in	33.70	28.34	10.15	10.23	10.15	1.57	1.57	8.66	7.87	-	8.66	1.49
00150	10	mm	856	720	258	260	258	40	40	220	200	-	220	38
SQ150	12	in	33.70	28.34	10.15	10.23	10.15	1.57	1.57	8.66	7.87	-	8.66	1.49
00101	14	mm	950	850	220	430	220	40	40	195	380	190	195	38
SQ181	14	in	37.40	33.46	8.66	16.92	8.66	1.57	1.57	7.67	14.96	7.48	7.67	1.49

04. Preparation for Installation and Operation

4.1 Checking before installation

▲ CAUTION

CHECK THE "SPECIFICATIONS" SECTION OF THIS MANUAL TO DETERMINE CORRECT EXCAVATOR SIZES AND HYDRAULIC PRESSURE, AND HYDRAULIC FLOW IF HYDRAULIC PRESSURE, HYDRAULIC FLOW IS EXCEEDED, THE HYDRAULIC BREAKER WARRANTY IS VOID

🔨 CAUTION

BE SURE THE FLUID IN THE HYDRAULIC SYSTEM IS CLEAN. CHECK THE HYDRAULIC FILTER, REPLACE THE FILTER IF DIRTY OR DETERIORATED. CHECK THE GAS PRESSURE IN ACCUMULATOR AND BACK HEAD. SEE INSPECTION AND CHARGING OF NITROGEN GAS AT BACK HEAD. ACCUMULATOR. HOSE AND FLUSHING.

CONTAMINATED PARTS MUST BE CLEANED WITH NO DELAY. HYDRAULIC OIL OR LIGHT OIL IS HIGHLY RECOMMENDABLE.



THE CIRCUIT RELIEF SETTING PRESSURE IS NOT FIXED BUT IT WILL BE ADJUSTED BY PUMP CAPACITY.

Recom	mended ci	rcuit relief	setting pre	essure and	a back pre	essure					
MODEL	UNIT	SQ10	SQ20	SQ3	0 SC	235	SQ4	0	SQ43	SQ45	SQ50
Relief	kg/cm²	150	150	160	1	60	170)	180	190	200
Setting Pressure	psi	2134	2134	227	_	276	2418	-	2560	2702	2845
Back	kg/cm²	10	10	10	:	10	10		10	10	10
Pressure	psi	142	142	142	1	42	142	!	142	142	142
MODEL	UNIT	SQ60	SQ70	SQ80	SQ100	SQ12	20	SQ130	SQ140	SQ150	SQ181
Relief Setting Pressure	kg/cm²	200	210	210	210	210)	210	210	210	230
	psi	2845	2987	2987	2987	298	7	2987	2987	2987	3271
Back				40	10	10		10	10	10	10
Back Pressure	kg/cm²	10	10	10	IU	10		10	10	10	10

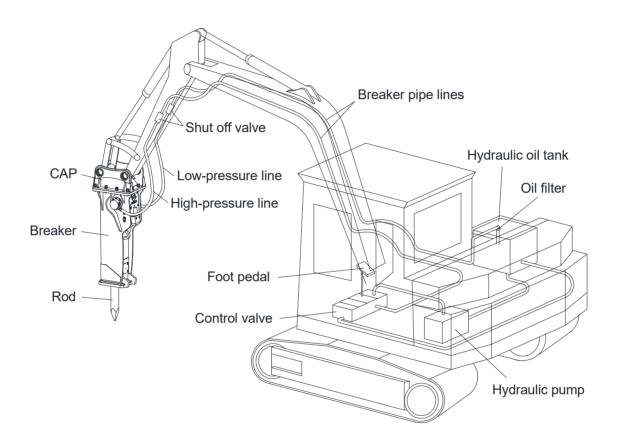
Performanded airquit relief actting procedure and back





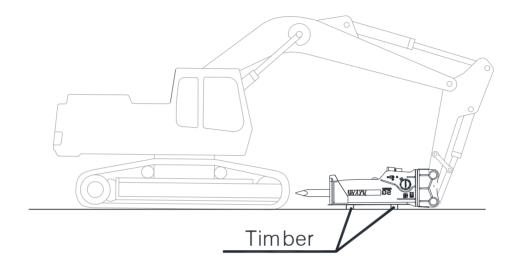
4.2 Installation and Removal

■ Basic set up

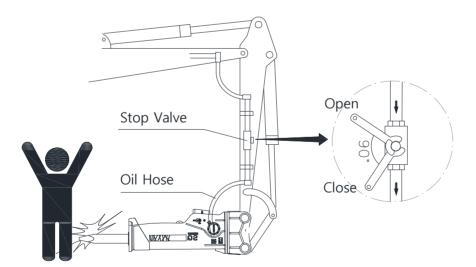


■ Removal of the Hydraulic Breaker

When the bucket and breaker operate alternately, the bucket and breaker can be easily exchanged by the hydraulic hoses and two mounting pins. However, there is a risk of hydraulic contamination accordingly. Do installation and removal as follows.



- (1) Move the carrier to stable ground, free from mud, dust and dirt.
- (2) Place the hydraulic breaker on timber.
- (3) Stop the engine, turn off the main switch and deflate air from oil tank if it is
- (4) Turn 90° the shut off valve installed to the end of arm to prevent hydraulic from flowing out.



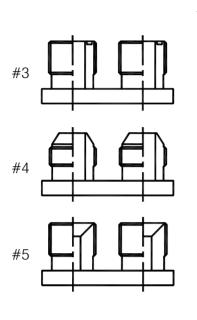
- (5) Loosen the hose plug on the breaker arm. Collect a small amount of oil flowing out at this time and put into a container.
- (6) Be careful to prevent mud or dust from entering oil hoses and pipe lines. Plug oil hoses with hose plug and pipe lines with union caps. Bind high and low-pressure hoses with a wire to prevent them from getting on the ground.

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■ Oil hose plug

The oil hose plug is used to plug the hose attached to the hydraulic breaker. It prevents contamination of the hose when the hydraulic breaker is removed from the carrier for bucket operation.

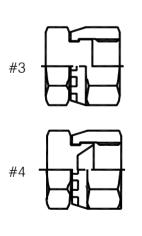


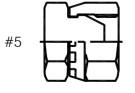
MODEL	TYPE	P/ N	TYPE	P/ N	TYPE	P/ N	O-RING (#3)
SQ10	-	-	#4	2715302	# 5	2715306	-
SQ20	-	-	#4	2715302	# 5	2715306	-
SQ30	-	-	#4	2715302	# 5	2715306	-
SQ35	-	-	#4	2715302	# 5	2715306	-
SQ40	-	-	#4	2715302	# 5	2715306	-
SQ43	-	-	#4	2715302	# 5	2715306	-
SQ45	-	-	#4	2715303	#5	2715307	-
SQ50	-	-	#4	2715303	#5	2715307	-
SQ60	#3	2715300	#4	2715304	# 5	2715308	2856004
SQ70	#3	2715300	#4	2715304	# 5	2715308	2715308
SQ80	#3	2715300	#4	2715304	# 5	2715308	2715308
SQ100	#3	2715300	#4	2715304	# 5	2715308	2715308
SQ120	#3	2715301	#4	2715305	# 5	2715309	2715309
SQ130	#3	2715301	#4	2715305	# 5	2715309	2715309
SQ140	#3	2715301	#4	2715305	# 5	2715309	2715309
SQ150	#3	2715301	#4	2715305	# 5	2715309	2715309
SQ181	#3	2715301	# 4	2715305	# 5	2715309	2715309

* O-Ring(#3) use only TYPE #3

■ Union cap

The union cap is used to cap the piping bracket attached to the carrier for prevention of the piping bracket from contamination during bucket operation.

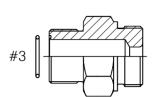


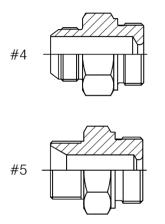


0	•					
MODEL	TYPE	P/ N	TYPE	P/ N	TYPE	P/ N
SQ10	# 3	-	#4	C01202	# 5	2715002
SQ20	# 3	-	#4	C01202	# 5	2715002
SQ30	# 3	-	# 4	C01202	# 5	2715002
SQ35	# 3	-	#4	C01202	# 5	2715002
SQ40	# 3	-	#4	C01202	# 5	2715002
SQ43	# 3	-	#4	C01202	# 5	2715002
SQ45	# 3	-	#4	C11149	# 5	2715003
SQ50	# 3		#4	C11149	# 5	2715003
SQ60	# 3	2715063	#4	C21132	# 5	2715004
SQ70	# 3	2715063	#4	C21132	# 5	2715004
SQ80	# 3	2715063	#4	C21132	# 5	2715004
SQ100	# 3	2715063	#4	C21132	# 5	2715004
SQ120	# 3	2715064	#4	C31175	# 5	2715005
SQ130	# 3	2715064	#4	C31175	# 5	2715005
SQ140	# 3	2715064	#4	C31175	# 5	2715005
SQ150	# 3	2715064	#4	C31175	# 5	2715005
SQ181	# 3	2715064	# 4	C31175	# 5	2715005

Adapter

This parts connect to BREAKER IN/OUT port with hydraulic hose.





MODEL	TYPE	P / N	TYPE	P / N	TYPE	P / N	O-RING (#3)
SQ10	#3	-	#4	C01201	# 5	C91120	-
SQ20	#3	-	#4	C01201	#5	C91120	-
SQ30	#3	-	#4	C01201	# 5	C91120	-
SQ35	#3	-	#4	C01201	#5	C91120	-
SQ40	#3	-	#4	C01201	#5	C91120	-
SQ43	#3	-	#4	C01201	#5	C91120	-
SQ45	#3	-	#4	C11121	#5	2710311	-
SQ50	#3		#4	C11121	#5	2710311	-
SQ60	#3	C21124	#4	C21131	#5	2710315	2856004
SQ70	#3	C21124	#4	C21131	#5	2710315	2856004
SQ80	#3	C21124	#4	C21131	#5	2710315	2856004
SQ100	#3	C31115	#4	C31201	#5	C31193	2856004
SQ120	#3	B0003996	#4	C31117	#5	2710318	2856005
SQ130	#3	B0003996	#4	C31117	#5	2710318	2856005
SQ140	#3	B0003996	#4	C31117	#5	2710318	2856005
SQ150	#3	B0003996	#4	C31117	# 5	2710318	2856005
SQ181	#3	C61150	#4	C61152	# 5	2710319	2856005





4.3 Hydraulic pipe lines for exclusive use

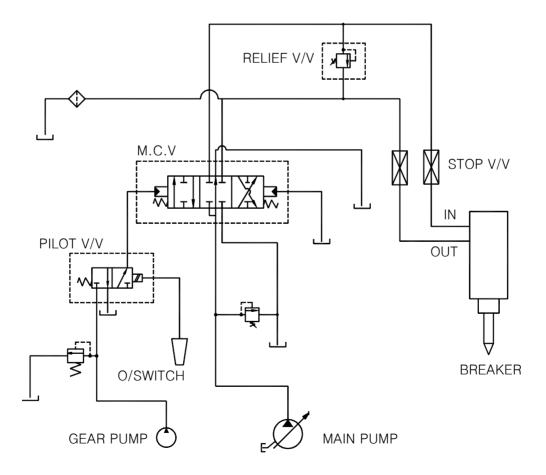
Operation of the hydraulic breaker requires installation of hydraulic pipe lines for exclusive use of the hydraulic breaker. As hydraulic pipe lines vary depending on base machines, our service engineer must first check hydraulic pressure, oil capacity, pressure loss and other conditions of the base machine before installing hydraulic pipe lines. Use only genuine parts in case of replacement because hydraulic pipe lines (hoses, pipes and fittings) are made of materials carefully selected in consideration of durability.



THE HYDRAULIC SYSTEM TO THE BASE MACHINE MUST BE CHECKED BY AN AUTHORIZED SOOSAN SERVICE ENGINEER BEFORE FIRST USE AND AFTER ANY MODIFICATIONS.



MAKE SURE THAT THE HYDRAULIC BREAKER VALVE OF HYDRAULIC SYSTEM IS PROPERLY SET.

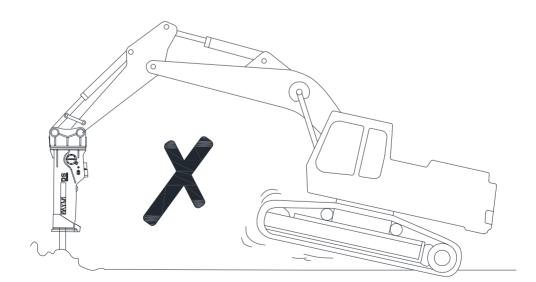


05. Precautions for safe operation.

[1] Proper position must be applied for an effective usage of breaking force. When position is incorrect, hammering energy of the piston is too weak to break rocks,



[2] On the contrary, when position is excessive enough to break rocks with front of the base machine raised, the machine may suddenly tilt forward the moment rocks are broken. Then, the breaker body or the end of bracket may violently hit against rocks and result in damage.

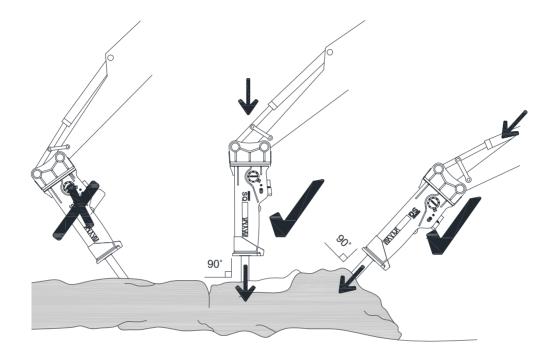




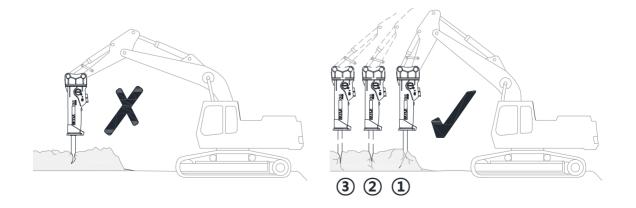
24 SOOSAN HYDRAULIC BREAKERS OPERATION MANUAL

[3] It is undesirable to carry out hammering under the below condition, because vibrations during hammering may be transmitted to tracks of the base machine. During hammering, however, proper position must be always applied to the breaker.

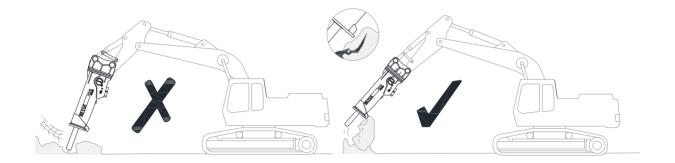
Special care must be taken not to hammer under abnormal condition.



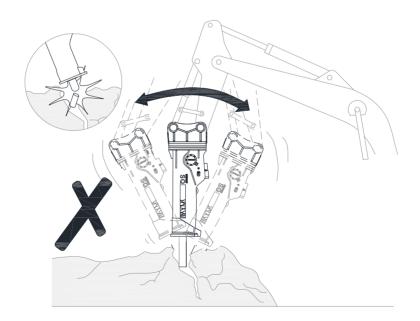
[4] Apply same direction of boom force in line with the rod and place the rod in the rock with hammering surface as vertical as possible. If hammering surface is oblique, the rod may slip during hammering. This causes the rod to seize and to be broken and piston to be damaged. When breaking, fully stabilize the rod first and then select the point of a rock on which hammering can be performed in a stable condition.



[5] Do not use the breaker rod to move rocks. The stone claws are designed for this purposes.



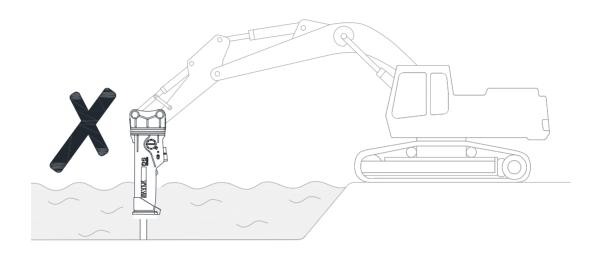
[6] Do not use the breaker to sweep the ground of debris. This may damage the breaker and the housing will wear out more quickly





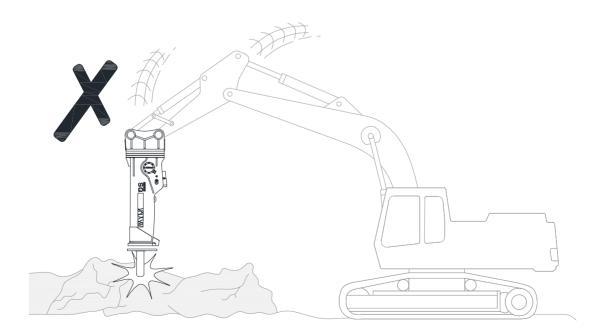
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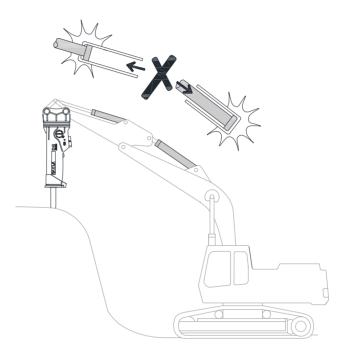
[7] Do not operate breaker when all components except rod are immersed in water and mud. Underwater usage of the breaker will cause internal damage to the breaker. Consult Soosan for modifications if you have an underwater requirement.



[8] Do not allow the breaker to fall to a rock.

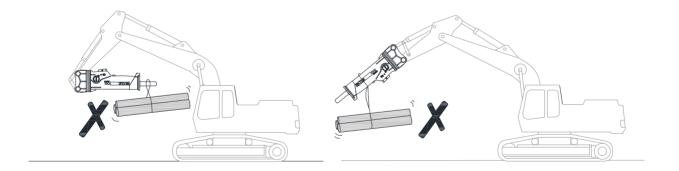
Falling down the breaker will apply excessive force to the breaker or the carrier, causing damage to the parts of the breaker and carrier.





[9] Do not operate the breaker with the carrier's boom, stick or bucket cylinders at the end of their stroke (either fully extended or fully retracted). Damage to the carrier may result

[10] Do not use the breaker or breaker rods for lifting. Lifting eyes on the breaker are for storage and maintenance purposes only.



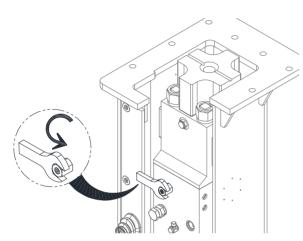
- [11] Warm-up of machine prior to operation
 - Do not operate the machine right after starting the engine. Idle the machine for warm-up. Warm the hydraulic oil sufficiently especially in winter or in the cold place.
 - Especially in winter, the carrier's engine should be warmed up for 5 to 10 minutes $30\sim40^{\circ}C(86\sim105^{\circ}F)$ before breaker operation.
 - When operating the hydraulic breaker, idle the engine and operate the hydraulic breaker with a light load.
- [12] Stop operation when hoses are vibrating abnormally. Check the hoses on the high pressure and low pressure sides of the breaker for abnormal vibration. If they are vibrating abnormally, contact the nearest Soosan dealer.



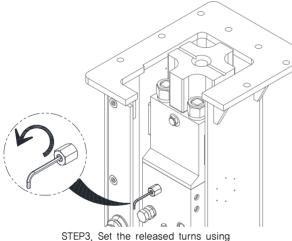
[13] Avoid blank hammering.

Blank hammering accelerates wear and tear on breaker and carrier components and may result in failure of one or more components. Excessive blank hammering may be considered equipment abuse and may result in voiding warranties. In case of blank hammering, hammering sound changes.

- [14] Operate the breaker at proper engine speed. Break rocks at the specified engine speed. Raising engine speed more than necessary does not strengthen hammering force but increase oil temperature to the detriment of piston and valve.
- [15-1] Piston Stroke Adjuster (SQ35~50)



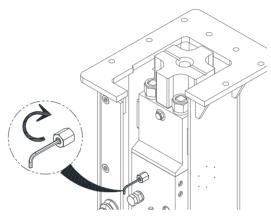
STEP1. Release the Nut using 24mm(0.9inch) Spanner



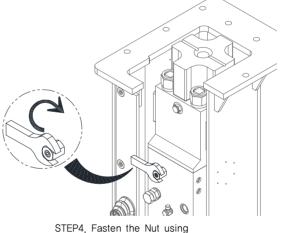
5mm(0.2inch) L-Wrench

(Released turns setting)

Short Stroke	Release 3~3.5 rev. from fully closed
Middle Stroke	Release 1-1/4~2 rev. from fully closed
Standard Stroke	Fully closed (standard factory setting)

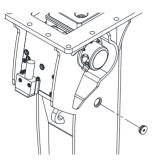


STEP2. Close the Adjuster using 5mm(0.2inch) L-Wrench

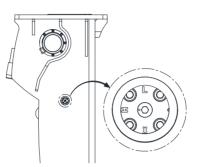


24mm(0,9inch) Spanner

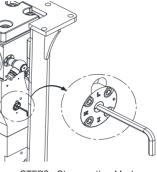
[15-2] IPC (Integrated Power Control) & ABH (Anti Blank Hammering) (SQ60~181)



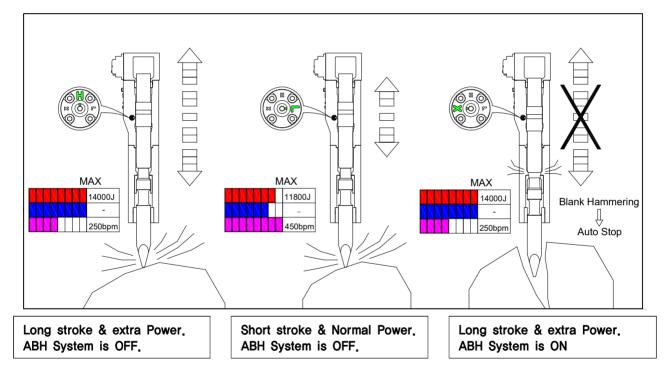
STEP1. Remove the Sound Plug



STEP2. Check the Selected Mode



STEP3. Change the Mode using 8mm(0.3inch) L-Wrench





06. Maintenance

■ Regular Hydraulic breaker Inspection and Maintenance



Regular inspection is essential for keeping hydraulic breaker operating in the best condition consult with the Soosan service station for regular inspection and maintenance. Customers are recommended to contact the service station for inspection within six months after delivery.

■ Maintenance of Hydraulic breaker

Check cycle	Check Item	Location
Ordinary check items before and after operating breaker	 Confirm the state of setting breaker and carrier * Damage and assembled state of bracket pin * Fastened state of pin assembled bolts * State of quick-clamp setting and bolts/pins assembled * State of cap mounting bolt 	
	 Assembling state of breaker and bracket * State of side-bolt and all kinds of bolt * Whether all kinds fixing part and anti-shock parts (cushion & wear plate)are damaged * State of bracket-crack, breakage, welded area 	
	 Fastening state of breaker main-body parts Fastening and breakage state of pins, blocks, bolts Fastened through bolt state Front head pin and Rubber plugs Stop pin and Rubber plugs Air check valve Back head charging valve Valve adjuster Accumulator mounting bolt Accumulator charging valve Hose adapter Hex Head Plug 	
	 Damage of safety/warning sticker 	
	 Loss or fastening state of bracket assembled parts * Sound plug * Window cover 	
	 Leakage, interference and assembling state of carrier hoses and pipes Interference and assembling state of hoses and pipes Fixing state of control valve Welding state of clamps Leakage and fastening state of pipes/hoses connected Whether hose are twisted/damaged/aged 	
	 Oil tank and working fluid quality * Quantity of working fluid * Contamination of working fluid 	
	 Breaker on/off switch and electric wire 	
	 Examine worsen state of consumable parts * Inside diameter of front cover * Worsen state of rod 	

Check cycle	Check Item	Location
Any time check items during	 Temperature of working fluid(below 80°C/176°F) 	
operating breaker	• Loss and damage of parts	
	 Leakage of breaker hoses A little leakage could be run on the rod (as much as it does not affect operating, performance and efficiency) 	
	 Efficiency and abnormal working of breaker * Irregular blowing is occurred * Abnormal blowing sound is occurred * Pipes and hoses are shaken extremely 	
After 1Hr operating	 Grease pumping(about 20cc after 1hr operating) About 5~10 times pumping with grease gun * Rod friction area : Ring bush, Front cover, Rod pin 	
Every week (Every 50hr operating)	 Quantity and contamination degree of working fluid(Refill or replace) * Contamination limit : 20~40cst 	
	 Examining wear of consumable parts (Grind the area deformed if necessary) * Rod pin * Ring bush * Front cover 	
	• Remove strange material inside of front head	
	 Check the gas pressure and refill * Back head * Accumulator 	
	Whether all kinds of bolts are fastened by regulated torque	
Every month	Operating pressure of breaker	
(Every 200 Hr operating)	Relief setting pressure of hydraulic circuit	
	Supply flow	
	Replace oil filter of carrier	
Every 3month	• Replace seal kit	
(Every 500 \sim 1000operating)	Replace diaphragm of accumulator	
	• Examine if piston is pressed or deformed	
	• Examine if hydraulic parts are scratched if necessary grind and repair them	
Hold breaker over 1month	 Sufficient greasing * Rod, Rod pin, Front cover, Ring bush 	
	Lubricate piston surface	
	 Remove N₂ Gas Back head Accumulator 	
	Paint area fallen off	
After under water operating	 Clean and grease after dissemble all parts of main body 	

* The maintenance related with carrier follows carrier manufacturer rule



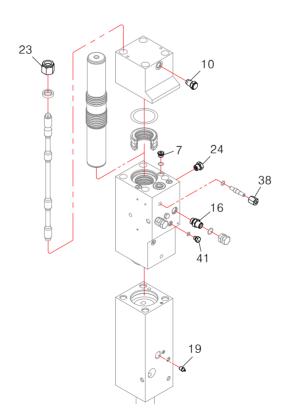
■ Daily Inspection before opearting

Be fore starting operation, be sure to inspect the breaker referring to the following table.

Inspection Item	Inspection Point	Remedy
- Looseness, missing and damage to bolts and nuts	– Through bolt – Bracket mounting bolt	 Check looseness, Retighten to correct Tightening torque,
- Looseness of hose fittings, visible damage to hoses & oil leakage	- Hydraulic piping for breaker - Oil hose	 Retighten sufficiently, Replace when damaged,
- Abnormal oil leakage	 Connection of back head and cylinder Gap between front head and rod	 Consult with Soosan for further inspection.
- Abnormal wear and cracks rod.	- rod	 If the rod is deformed, burred and worn out, be repaired. If the rod is excessively worn out, be replaced. If the rod is cracked, be replaced.

0 0			,							
MODEL	Part No	UNIT	SQ10	SQ20	SQ30	SQ35	SQ40	SQ43	SQ45	SQ50
	7	kg-m	-	-	-	-	30~35	30~35	38~40	38~40
Socket Bolt	7	ft-lb	-	-	-	-	217~253	217~253	275~289	275~289
	10	kg-m	35~40	35~40	35~40	35~40	35~40	35~40	35~40	35~40
Charging V/V	10	ft-lb	253~289	253~289	253~289	253~289	253~289	253~289	253~289	253~289
0	10	kg-m	16~18	16~18	16~18	16~18	16~18	16~18	24~26	24~26
Connector	16	ft-lb	116~130	116~130	116~130	116~130	116~130	116~130	174~188	174~188
0 N/ I	40	kg-m	1.5~2	1.5~2	1.5~2	1.5~2	1.5~2	1.5~2	1.5~2	1.5~2
Grease Nipple	19	ft-lb	11~15	11~15	11~15	11~15	11~15	11~15	11~15	11~15
		kg-m	25~30	25~30	25~30	30~35	38~42	60~70	96~105	140~155
Hex Nut	23	ft-lb	181~217	181~217	181~217	217~253	275~304	434~506	694~760	1013~ 1121
	44	kg-m	3~4	3~4	3~4	3~4	3~4	3~4	3~4	3~4
Hex Head Plug	41	ft-lb	22~29	22~29	22~29	22~29	22~29	22~29	22~29	22~29
	0.4	kg-m	16~18	16~18	16~18	16~18	16~18	16~18	16~18	16~18
Air Check V/V 24	ft-lb	116~130	116~130	116~130	116~130	116~130	116~130	116~130	116~130	
	00	kg-m	-	-	-	25~30	25~30	25~30	25~30	25~30
ADJ' Hex Nut	38	ft-lb		_	_	181~217	181~217	181~217	181~217	181~217

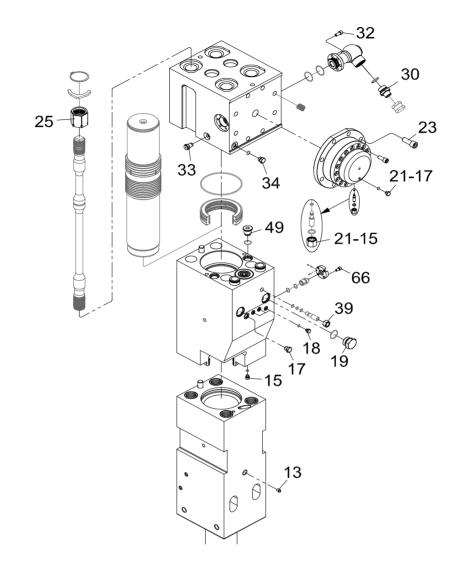
■ Tightening Torque (SQ10~50)





■ Tightening Torque (SQ60~181)

MODEL	Part No.	UNIT	SQ60	SQ70	SQ80	SQ100	SQ120	SQ130	SQ140	SQ150	SQ181
	40	kg-m	1.5~2	1.5~2	1.5~2	1.5~2	1.5~2	1.5~2	1.5~2	1.5~2	1.5~2
Grease Nipple	13	ft-lb	11~15	11~15	11~15	11~15	11~15	11~15	11~15	11~15	11~15
Coolicat Dive	15	kg-m	3~4	3~4	3~4	3~4	3~4	3~4	3~4	3~4	3~4
Socket Plug	15	ft-lb	22~29	22~29	22~29	22~29	22~29	22~29	22~29	22~29	22~29
		kg-m	16~18	16~18	16~18	16~18	16~18	16~18	16~18	16~18	16~18
Air Check VV	17	ft–lb	116~ 130								
Lieu Liend Dive	10	kg-m	3~4	3~4	3~4	3~4	3~4	3~4	3~4	3~4	3~4
Hex Head Plug	18	ft-lb	22~29	22~29	22~29	22~29	22~29	22~29	22~29	22~29	22~29
		kg-m	35~40	35~40	40~45	40~45	70~80	70~80	70~80	70~80	70~80
Hex Head Plug	19	ft–lb	253~ 289	253~ 289	289~ 326	289~ 326	506~ 579	506~ 579	506~ 579	506~ 579	506~ 579
Cap & Nut	21–15	kg-m	6~8	6~8	6~8	6~8	6~8	6~8	6~8	6~8	6~8
ταρ α Νυί	21–17	ft-lb	43~58	43~58	43~58	43~58	43~58	43~58	43~58	43~58	43~58
		kg-m	35~40	35~40	40~45	40~45	75~80	75~80	75~80	90~95	90~95
Socket Bolt	23	ft-lb	253~ 289	253~ 289	289~ 326	289~ 326	542~ 579	542~ 579	542~ 579	651~ 687	651~ 687
Hex Nut	25	kg-m	190~ 200	270~ 280	290~ 300	440~ 450	440~ 450	440~ 450	470~ 480	470~ 480	550~ 600
	20	ft–lb	1374~ 1447	1953~ 2025	2098~ 2170	3183~ 3255	3183~ 3255	3183~ 3255	3400~ 3472	3400~ 3472	3978~ 4340
		kg-m	32~35	32~35	32~35	32~35	32~35	32~35	32~35	32~35	35~40
H/Adapter-01	30	ft–lb	232~ 253	253~ 289							
	~~~	kg-m	20~25	20~25	20~25	20~25	20~25	20~25	20~25	20~25	30~35
Socket Bolt	32	ft–lb	145~ 181	217~ 253							
	~	kg-m	35~40	35~40	35~40	35~40	35~40	35~40	35~40	35~40	35~40
Charging VV	34	ft–lb	253~ 290								
Hex Head Plug	33	kg-m	8~10	8~10	8~10	8~10	8~10	8~10	8~10	8~10	8~10
Tiex Tieau Flug	55	ft-lb	58~72	58~72	58~72	58~72	58~72	58~72	58~72	58~72	58~72
		kg-m	25~30	30~35	30~35	30~35	50~55	50~55	50~55	50~55	60~65
Hex Nut	39	ft–lb	181~ 217	217~ 253	217~ 253	217~ 253	362~ 398	362~ 398	362~ 398	362~ 398	434~ 470
Qualitati Di s	40	Kg-m	38~40	38~40	40~45	40~45	40~45	40~45	40~45	45~50	45~50
Socket Plug	49	ft–lb	275~ 289	275~ 289	289~ 326						
Socket Bolt	66	kg-m	7~8	7~8	7~8	7~8	7~8	7~8	7~8	7~8	7~8
		ft-lb	51~58	51~58	51~58	51~58	51~58	51~58	51~58	51~58	51~58



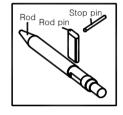


- Replacement & Breakage of Rod
- Rod is deformed of burrs produced in a long term use.
- If the rod tip is worn out, rod is liable to slip. Grind the rod tip to sharpen the edge.
- If the rod tip is sharpened many times, the hardened surface layer will disappear and the rod will be worn out rapidly. In this case, replace with a new rod.
- If the gap between rod and front cover is large, the piston failure to fit in rod to cause damage to the piston or the rod.

### • Replacement

- D Put the breaker horizontally on the timber.
- ② Remove rubber plug using a pliers.
- ③ Set round bar on the opposite side, and push the stop pin with a hammer.
- ④ Remove the rod pin. In removing the rod pin, be careful falling of rod and rod pin.
- (5) Wind rope or nylon sling around the rod and remove from the main body.
- 6 Before installing a new rod, check wear, breakage and score.
- Remove burrs and swelling from the disassembled rod pin with a grinder. Excessively deformed rod pin will make replacement of rod difficult. Rod pin is required to be checked every 100 to 150 hours of operation
- $\ensuremath{\overline{\mathcal{O}}}$  Grease sufficiently to inserting part of front head.

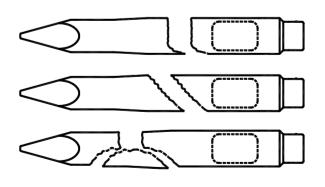




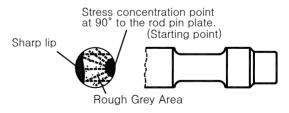
• Breakage of Rod

The service life of the rods depends on the manner of handling them. The rod can sufficiently withstand the vertically acting load, but is weak to the perpendicularly acting load. Especially, the rod is affected by the negative conditions such as force by craning operation, tilted blowing, wrenching and idle strokes etc. There are several ways of breakage of the rod. Each cause of the breakage can be inferred by observing the breakage section. Further, the breakage case which is not caused by low quality materials or insufficient heat-treatment but by wrong way of handling which the manufacturer is not responsible for the breakage.

The breakage section has the origin on the outer surface, the narrow area of fatigue breakage and the wide area of rough grey area, and final breakage part has the share-lip form. Such as undulation on the breakage section and its inclination to the right and left witness that the breakage is caused by excessive force which exceeds the toughness of the rod. Such the breakage is supposed to occur owing to careless handling of the rod. To avoid such the breakage more carefulness and attention is required in handling the breaker.



Typical fractures caused by excessive bending of the rod. Warranty claims rejected.

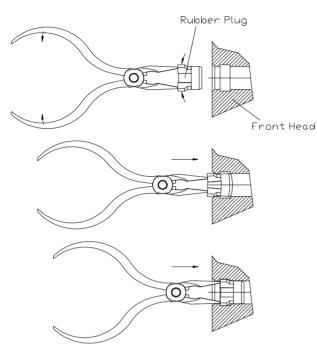


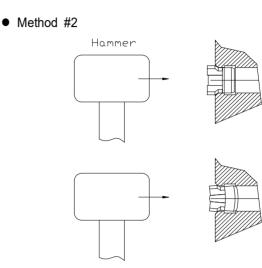
Typical fractures caused by levering tool while buried in the burden. Warranty claims rejected.

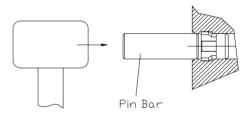


Flat type rod worn more than 45mm or moil type and wedge, universal type rods worn back more than 75mm of working end classed as reasionable life. Warranty claims rejected.

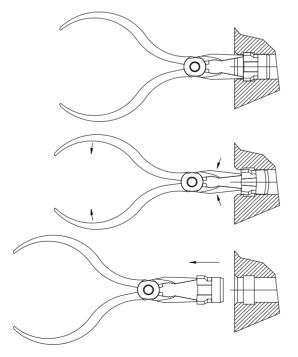
- Assembly and Disassembly of Rubber Plug In disassembling the front head pin and stop pin, assemble or disassemble with following method.
- 1) Assembling the rubber
- Method #1



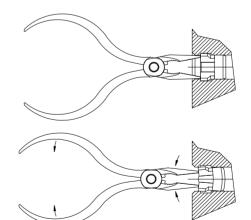


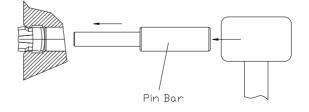


- 2) Disassembling the rubber plug
- Method #1



• Method #2







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## 07. Wear Tolerance

Wear tolerance of each kind expendable parts come to decide. The usage of exceeding the wear tolerance causes fatal damage to breaker. Prevent the damage through the regular inspection and exchange of expendable parts including seals and all kinds of bushes. Our company is not responsible for the flaw using in exceeding the wear tolerance of the expendable parts.

## 7.1 Seal & O-Ring

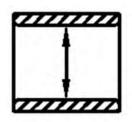
#### Quality Guaranteed Period : 6 months

Since hydraulic breaker operates at high-pressure and high-temperature, leakage or scratch could be occurred by friction, wear and breakage of seals. Considering pressure, temperature, viscosity of oil, a little leakage is accepted to be normal. But in case of abnormal leakage, replace as a new ones. To prevent fatal defect periodical replacement is carried out every 6months without external leakage of breaker.

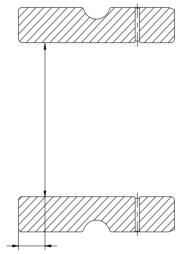
Although the breaker is not operated in a long time, replace seals periodically to prevent rust, corrosion of oil and transformation of seals.

## 7.2 THRUST BUSH & FRONT COVER

	MODEL	UNIT	New Inside Dia.	Reject Inside Dia.
	SQ10	mm	40	42
	3010	in	1.6	1.7
	5020	mm	45	47
	SQ20	in	1.8	1.9
	6030	mm	53	55
THRUST	SQ30	in	2.1	2.2
BUSH	0005	mm	60	62
	SQ35	in	2.4	2.4
	0040	mm	68	71
	SQ40	in	2.7	2.8
	0040	mm	75	49
	SQ43	in	3.0	1.9
	0045	mm	85	89
	SQ45	in	3.3	3.5
	0050	mm	100	105
	SQ50	in	3.9	4.1
	0000	mm	125	130
	SQ60	in	4.9	5.1
		mm	135	140
	SQ70	in	5.3	5.5
	0000	mm	140	146
	SQ80	in	5.5	5.7
FRONT	00100	mm	150	156
COVER	SQ100	in	5.9	6.1
	0.0400	mm	155	161
	SQ120	in	6.1	6.3
	00100	mm	165	171
	SQ130	in	6.5	6.7
	00110	mm	165	171
	SQ140	in	6.5	6.7
	00450	mm	175	181
	SQ150	in	6.9	7.1
	00101	mm	197	203
	SQ181	in	7.8	8.0



THRUST BUSH (Measure at center)



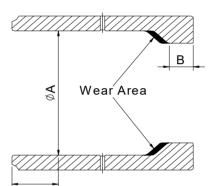
(Measure at 10mm)





# 7.3 Ring bush

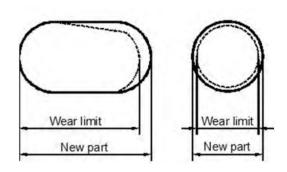
MODEL	UNIT	New Inside Dia.	Reject Inside Dia.	New B	Reject B
SQ10	mm	40	42	8.75	7
0010	in	1.6	1.7	0.3	0.3
SQ20	mm	45	47	10.25	8
3020	in	1.8	1.9	0.4	0.3
SQ30	mm	53	55	8.5	6
3630	in	2,1	2.2	0.3	0.2
SO25	mm	60	62	10.5	7.5
SQ35	in	2.4	2.4	0.4	0.3
0040	mm	68	71	10.5	7.5
SQ40	in	2.7	2.8	0.4	0.3
0040	mm	75	78	15	12
SQ43	in	3.0	3,1	0.6	0.5
0045	mm	85	89	24	21
SQ45	in	3.3	3.5	0.9	0.8
0050	mm	100	105	17	14
SQ50	in	3.9	4.1	0.7	0.6
0000	mm	125	130	31	28
SQ60	in	4.9	5.1	1,2	1,1
0070	mm	135	140	32.5	29.5
SQ70	in	5.3	5.5	1.3	1.2
0000	mm	140	146	40	37
SQ80	in	5.5	5.7	1.6	1.5
0010	mm	150	156	38	35
SQ10	in	5.9	6.1	1.5	1.4
0.0100	mm	155	161	46	43
SQ120	in	6.1	6.3	1.8	1.7
00100	mm	165	171	41	38
SQ130	in	6.5	6.7	1.6	1.5
00140	mm	165	171	41	38
SQ140	in	6.5	6.7	1.6	1.5
00150	mm	175	181	53.5	50.5
SQ150	in	6.9	7.1	2.1	2.0
00101	mm	197	203	45	42
SQ181	in	7.8	8.0	1.8	1.7



(Measure at 30mm)

# 7.4 Rod pin

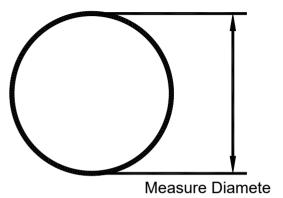
MODEL	UNIT	New Length	Reject Length
SQ10	mm	28	26
	in	1,1	1.0
SQ20	mm	28	26
0020	in	1,1	1.0
SQ30	mm	32	30
	in	1.3	1.2
SQ35	mm	36	34
0000	in	1.4	1.3
SQ40	mm	38	36
3040	in	1.5	1.4
0040	mm	42	40
SQ43	in	1.7	1.6
004E	mm	54	51
SQ45	in	2.1	2.0
0050	mm	60	57
SQ50	in	2.4	2,2
0000	mm	75	72
SQ60	in	3.0	2,8
0070	mm	82	79
SQ70	in	3.2	3.1
0000	mm	88.5	85.5
SQ80	in	3.5	3.4
00100	mm	94	91
SQ100	in	3.7	3.6
	mm	96	93
SQ120	in	3.8	3.7
	mm	96	93
SQ130	in	3.8	3.7
	mm	96	93
SQ140	in	3.8	3.7
00450	mm	99	95
SQ150	in	3.9	3.7
	mm	110	106
SQ181	in	4.3	4.2





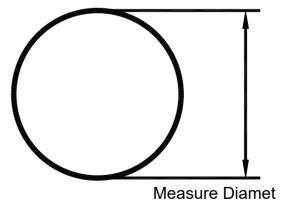
MODEL	UNIT	New Outside Dia	Reject Outside Dia
SQ10	mm	13	11
3010	in	0.5	0.4
SQ20	mm	13	10
3020	in	0.5	0.4
SQ30	mm	13	10
3030	in	0.5	0.4
SQ35	mm	13	10
3033	in	0.5	0.4
SQ40	mm	16	14
5040	in	0.6	0.6
SQ43	mm	16	14
5Q43	in	0.6	0.6
SQ45	mm	17.5	15.5
3043	in	0.7	0.6
SQ50	mm	17.5	15.5
3430	in	0.7	0.6

## 7.5 Stop pin



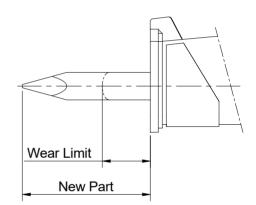
## 7.6 Front head pin

MODEL	UNIT	New Outside Dia	Reject Outside Dia
SQ45	mm	20	18
3Q40	in	0.8	0.7
SQ50	mm	26	24
3000	in	1.0	0.9
SQ60	mm	26	24
3000	in	1.0	0.9
0.70	mm	26	24
SQ70	in	1.0	0.9
0000	mm	30	28
SQ80	in	1.2	1,1
SQ100	mm	26	24
30100	in	1.0	0.9
SQ120	mm	26	24
30120	in	1.0	0.9
SQ130	mm	26	24
30130	in	1.0	0.9
SQ140	mm	26	24
50140	in	1.0	0.9
00150	mm	36	34
SQ150	in	1.4	1.3
SO191	mm	36	34
SQ181	in	1.4	1,3



# 7.7 Rod

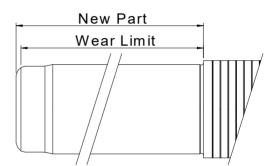
MODEL	UNIT	New Part (LONG Type)	New Part (SHORT Type)
SQ10	mm	272	222
3010	in	10.7	8.7
SQ20	mm	291	241
3020	in	11.5	9.5
SQ30	mm	295	245
3030	in	11.6	9.6
SO25	mm	344	294
SQ35	in	13.5	11.6
6040	mm	390	290
SQ40	in	15.4	11.4
0040	mm	472	372
SQ43	in	18.6	14.6
004E	mm	561	461
SQ45	in	22.1	18,1
0050	mm	545	445
SQ50	in	21.5	17.5
0000	mm	589	489
SQ60	in	23.2	19.3
6070	mm	640	540
SQ70	in	25.2	21,3
0000	mm	705	605
SQ80	in	27.8	23.8
00100	mm	692	592
SQ100	in	27.2	23.3
00100	mm	846	746
SQ120	in	33,3	29.4
00100	mm	872	772
SQ130	in	34.3	30.4
00140	mm	872	772
SQ140	in	34.3	30.4
00150	mm	839	739
SQ150	in	33.0	29.1
00101	mm	912	812
SQ181	in	35.9	32





# 7.8 Piston

MODEL	UNIT	New Length	Wear Limit
SQ10	mm	159	158
0010	in	6.3	6.2
SQ20	mm	169	168
3020	in	6.7	6.6
SQ30	mm	168	167
3030	in	6.6	6.6
SO 25	mm	196	195
SQ35	in	7.7	7.7
0040	mm	189	188
SQ40	in	7.4	7.4
0040	mm	251	250
SQ43	in	9.9	9.8
0045	mm	285	284
SQ45	in	11.2	11,2
0050	mm	284	283
SQ50	in	11.2	11,1
0000	mm	340	338
SQ60	in	13.4	13,3
0070	mm	318	316
SQ70	in	12.5	12.4
0000	mm	324	322
SQ80	in	12.8	12,7
00100	mm	357	355
SQ100	in	14.1	14
00100	mm	385	383
SQ120	in	15.2	15.1
00100	mm	413	411
SQ130	in	16.3	16.2
00140	mm	433	431
SQ140	in	17	17
00150	mm	518	516
SQ150	in	20.4	20.3
00101	mm	620	618
SQ181	in	24.4	24.3



## 08. Inspection and Charging of N₂ Gas at Back head



Charging gas pressure changes according to the rod condition.

Lay down the hammer and let the rod extend fully to charge gas.

Stay clear of the rod while charging the breaker with gas.

The rod may be impacted by the piston and forced out abruptly, when the through bolts are changed or the breaker body is disassembled. Discharge  $N_2$  gas before work.

Take special care to handle and store the  $N_2$  gas cylinder as it is high pressurized container. Use nitrogen gas only.

Back head gas pressure 16.5kg/ $cm^2$  (85.5psi) on the back head surface temperature at 20°C(68°F) See "CONVERSION TABLE FOR CHARGING N₂ GAS PRESSURE TO BACK HEAD"

■ Inspection of N2 Gas Back Head

- 1) Make sure if the cap and valve of the 3-way valve assembly 5 are fully tightened.
- Screw the 3-way valve assembly 5 into the charging valve of the back head after removing the plug.
- 2) At this time the handle must stand up to prevent the gas from coming out.
- 3) Push the handle into the charging valve fully, so the gas pressure inside the back head is indicated on the pressure gauge.
- 4) When the gas pressure is normal, unscrew the 3-way valve assembly after discharging gas inside the 3-way valve assembly.
- 5) When the gas pressure is higher or lower, charge it as described below.

■ Charging of N2 gas into Back Head

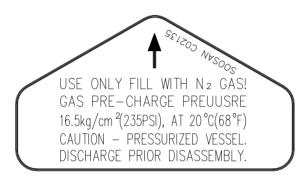
- Connect the charging hose to N2 gas cylinder after screwing the bombe adapter onto adapter nut
   and installing them to the N2 gas cylinder.
- 2) Connect the 3-way valve assembly (5) to the charging hose (4) after unscrewing the cap on the 3-way valve.
- 3) Install the 3-way valve assembly⁽⁵⁾ to the charging valve of the Back Head. At this time the handle of the 3-way valve assembly must be up position to prevent the gas from coming out.
- 4) Push the handle of the 3-way valve assembly fully and turn the handle of the N2 gas cylinder counterclockwise gradually to charge gas.
- 5) When the gas pressure exceeds 10% higher than the specified pressure, close the N2 gas cylinder by turning the handle clockwise.
- 6) Leave the handle of 3-way valve assembly up. Generated pressure makes it return back to original position naturally.
- 7) In order to discharge N2 gas in the charging hose ④ and the 3-way valve assembly turn the relief valve counterclockwise.
- 8) Remove the charging hose ④ from the N2 gas cylinder①and the 3-way valve assembly⑤, and screw the cap into the 3-way valve assembly.
- 9) Push the handle of the 3-way valve assembly fully, and the gas pressure inside the Back Head is indicated on the pressure gauge. When the pressure is higher, discharge a small amount of gas from the Back Head by repeatedly opening and closing the valve and then gas pressure falls to the specified pressure.
- 10) When the gas pressure reaches to the specified pressure, close the valve and release the handle.
- 11) Open the valve completely and discharge gas inside the 3-way valve assembly. Remove the 3-way valve assembly from the charging valve of Back Head and install the plug to the charging valve. At this time prevent contamination from entering the breaker.

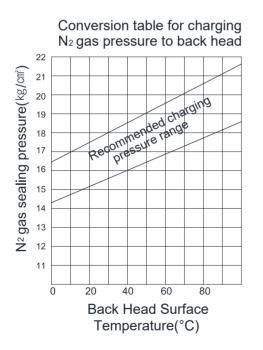


Conversion Table for charging nitrogen gas pressure to Back Head

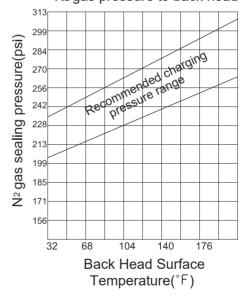
	•	([	Depends on the t	emperature of Ba	ick Head surface)
Back Head Surface Temperature (°C / °F)	0 / 32	10 / 50	20 / 68	30 / 86	40 / 104
Back Head Gas Pressure (kg/㎝² / psi)	15.5 / 220	16 / 228	16.5 / 235	17 / 242	17.5 / 249

 Back Head Sticker (C02135) (Appears on the Back Head charging valve)





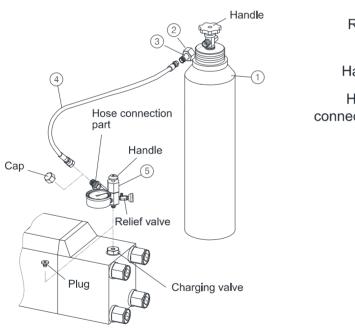
Conversion table for charging N₂ gas pressure to back head

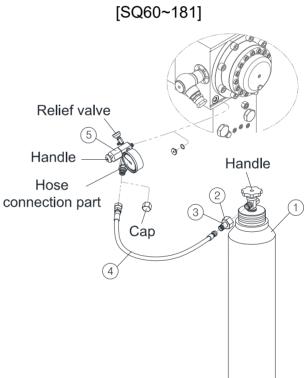


ITEM	PART No.	Q'ty	PART NAME
ASSY	C61204	1 SET	N ₂ Gas Charging Set
1	2900003	1	N ₂ Gas Cylinder
2	C91121	1	Bombe Adapter Nut
3	C91122	1	Bombe Adapter
4	2651001	1	Synflex Hose
5	C01244	1	B-3way Valve Assembly

### ■ N₂ Gas charging tools to Back Head





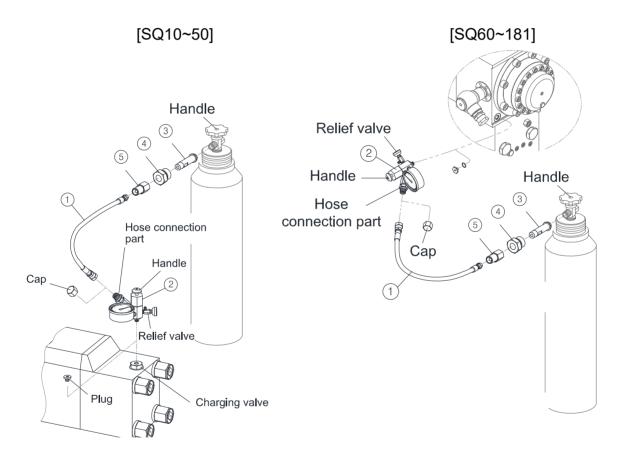


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N	2 Gas	charging	tools	to	Back	Head	(Option	- USA)
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ITEM	PART No.	Q'ty	PART NAME
ASSY	B0006847	1 SET	N ₂ Gas Charging Set
1	2651001	1	Synflex Hose
2	C01244	1	B-3way Valve Assembly
3	B0006842	1	Bombe Adapter
4	B0006843	1	Bombe Adapter plug
5	B0006844	1	Bombe Adapter bushing



## 09. Inspection and Charging of N₂ gas in Accumulator



Take special care to handle and store the  $N_2$  gas cylinder as it is high pressurized Use nitrogen gas only.

When disassemble the accumulator, must discharge  $N_2$  gas before working.

Do not touch on the accumulator surface when working.

Be sure to use the 3 way value assembly for charging the  $N_2$  gas if charging gas leaks directly from the cylinder, diaphragm may be broken off.

If charging for handling  $N_2$  gas to only the accumulator, make sure that the accumulator body and cover are tightened fully.

Standard accumulator gas pressure  $55 \text{kg/cm}^2$  (783psi) on the accumulator surface temperature at  $20^{\circ}\text{C}(68^{\circ}\text{F})$ 

See "CONVERSION TABLE FOR CHARGING N₂ GAS PRESSURE TO BACK HEAD"

Inspection of N2 gas Accumulator.

- 1) Make sure if the cap and valve of the 3-way valve assembly (5) are fully tightened.
- 2) Remove the cap from the accumulator and tighten the charging valve fully.
- 3) Check if O-rings (8) are installed to the bushing ⑦. Remove the plug (9) and screw the bushing.
- 4) Install the bushing (7) to the 3-way valve assembly (5).
- 5) Loosen the charging valve gradually. The charging pressure is indicated on the pressure gauge.
- 6) Close the valve clockwise when the gas pressure is normal. If the gas pressure is higher, repeat loosening and tightening the relief valve of 3-way valve assembly. The pressure is lowered gradually.
- 7) Loosen the relief valve of the 3-way valve assembly to discharge the N2 gas in the 3-way valve assembly(5).
- 8) Remove the 3-way valve assembly (5) and tighten the plug (9) and cap.
- Charging of N2 gas into Accumulator
- Connect the charging hose to N2 gas cylinder ① after screwing the bombe adapter ③ onto adapter, nut
   ② and installing to the N2 gas cylinder.
- 2) Connect the 3-way valve assembly (5) to the charging hose (4) after unscrewing the cap on the 3-way valve assembly.
- 3) Remove the cap form the accumulator and tighten the charging valve fully.
- 4) Check if O-rings (6) (8) are installed to the bushing (7). Remove the plug (9) and screw the bushing.
- 5) Loosen the accumulator charging valve after checking if bushing () is installed to the 3-way valve assembly.
- 6) Turn the handle of the N2 gas cylinder counter clockwise slowly to charge gas.
- 7) Charge gas in accordance with the conversion table for charging N2 gas pressure to accumulator.
- 8) Turn the handle of the N2 gas cylinder clockwise to close the cock.
- 9) Close the accumulator charging valve.
- 10) Loosen the relief valve of the 3-way valve assembly to discharge the N2 gas remaining in the charging hose.
- 11) Remove the charging hose, 3-way valve assembly and bushing and tighten the plug(9) and cap.



Accumulator Surface Temperature (°C / °F)	0 / 32	10 / 50	20 / 68	30 / 86	40 / 104
Accumulator Gas Pressure (kg/cm²/ psi)	51 / 730	53 / 755	55 / 780	57 / 815	59 / 830

### ■ Conversion Table for charging nitrogen gas pressure to Accumulator

■ Accumulator(A) Sticker (C61210)

- appears on the accumulator body
- -

$\frown$	Caution !
SOC	Pressurized container !
SOOSAN	Discharge prior to disassembly !
Z O	Do not open without reading
C61210	the Operation Manual or
10	consulting the authorized
	service personnel !

■ Accumulator(B) Sticker (C61211)

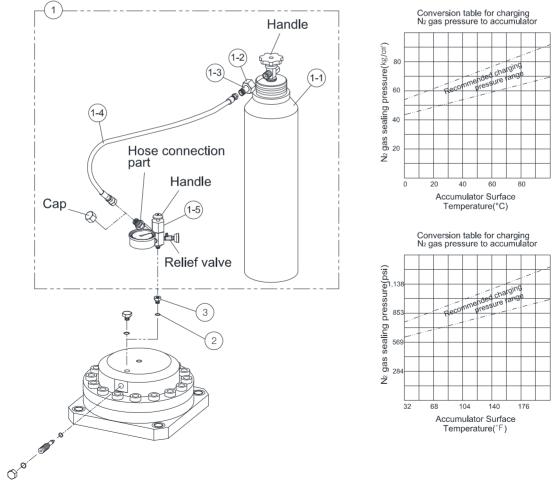
- appears on the accumulator body

Date of construction	
Temperature(Max)	
Volume	1.7ℓ
Fill Material	Only nitrogen gas
ACCUMULATOR PRECHARGE PRESSURE	55kg/cm²,780psi
SOOSAN	C61211

ITEM	PART No.	Q'ty	Part Name
ASSY	C61205	1 SET	Accumulator Charging Set
1	C61204	1 SET	N ₂ Gas Charging Set
1—1	2900003	1	N ₂ Gas Cylinder
1–2	C91121	1	Bombe Adapter Nut
1–3	C91122	1	Bombe Adapter
1-4	2651001	1	Synflex Hose
1–5	C01244	1	B-3way Valve Assembly
2	2850014	1	O-Ring
3	U81414	1	Accumulator Charging Connector

#### ■ N₂ gas Charging Tools to Accumulator







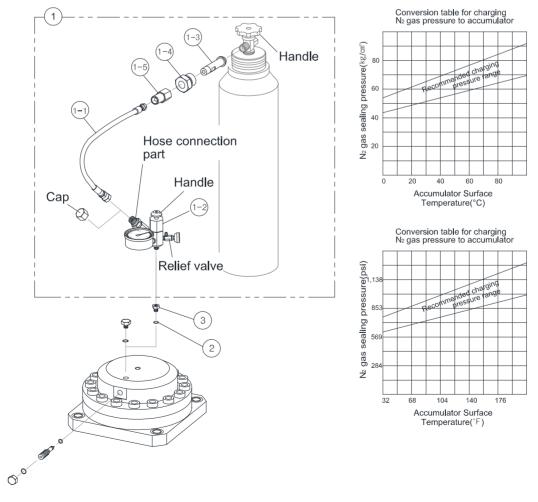
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ITEM	PART No.	Q'ty	Part Name
ASSY	B0006879	1 SET	Accumulator Charging Set
1	B0006847	1 SET	N₂Gas Charging Set
1—1	2651001	1	Synflex Hose
1–2	C01244	1	B-3way Valve Assembly
1–3	B0006842	1	Bombe Adapter
1–4	B0006843	1	Bombe Adapter plug
1–5	B0006844	1	Bombe Adapter bushing
2	2850014	1	O-Ring
3	U81414	1	Accumulator Charging Connector

#### ■ N₂ gas Charging Tools to Accumulator (Option - USA)

[SQ60~181]



The trouble-shooting chart is prepared to help operators find out causes and remedies instantly when troubles occur. When a trouble is found, have a good grip of the problem and contact our service station.

When diagnosing faults in operation of the breaker, always check that hydraulic power source is supplying the correct hydraulic flow and pressure to the breaker as listed in the table.

Check the flow with the hydraulic oil temperature at least  $176^{\circ}F/80^{\circ}C$ . An approved test procedure is available form Soosan.

TROUBLE	CAUSE	REMEDY
<ol> <li>Breaker fails to hammer</li> <li>* Sufficient high pressure oil does not flow to breaker inlet.</li> </ol>	* Defective hose or pipes · * Clogged or damaged piping	* Check, clean and repair piping or replace with new one.
* Sufficient high pressure oil flows to breaker inlet.	<ul> <li>* Defective control valve and related parts</li> <li>* Insufficient hydraulic oil</li> <li>* Internal breaker defects</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>* Check and repair valve and its related parts or replace with new one.</li> <li>* Refill oil tank.</li> <li>* Consult with our service station.</li> </ul>
2. Breaker hammers with hammering force reduced.		
* Sufficient high pressure oil does not flow to breaker inlet.	<ul> <li>* Defective hose or pipes Clogged piping, Oil leakage</li> <li>* Defective control valve and related parts</li> <li>* Deformed pedal</li> <li>* Deformed control valve</li> <li>* Stuck control valve</li> <li>* Insufficient control valve stroke due to loose screws</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>* Check, clean and repair piping or replace with new one.</li> <li>* Check control valve and related parts or replace with new one.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>* Clogged filter in return line of base machine tank</li> <li>* Insufficient hydraulic oil</li> <li>* Contaminated or deteriorated hydraulic oil</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>* Clean or replace,</li> <li>* Refill,</li> <li>* After flushing tank, change oil entirely,</li> </ul>
* Sufficient high pressure oil flows to breaker inlet.	* Defective pump * Internal breaker defects * low $N_2$ -gas pressure of back head	<ul> <li>* Ask service station for base machine service.</li> <li>* Consult with our service station.</li> <li>* Adjust the gas pressure referring to Chapter 10.</li> </ul>
<ol> <li>Hammering force weakens suddenly and high pressure hose vibrates excessively during operation.</li> </ol>	* Defective Back Head Gas leakage	* Ask our service station for repair.
4. Excessive oil leakage from Front Head or Rod.	* Worn cylinder seals	* Ask our service station for repair.
5. Piston works but does not hammer.	* Stuck in rod	* Remove front parts and pull out rod. * Repair with a grindstone.

* Ask base machine service station to repair defective base machine.



## 11. Hydraulic Oil and Grease.

Selection of hydraulic oil determines the efficiency of the hydraulic breaker performance.

- Please consult with our service station under following conditions.
  - (1) When used in special regions where climate is severe (extremely cold or hot weather)
  - (2) When recommended brands of hydraulic oil are not available
  - (3) When hydraulic oil supplied for the base machine differ from the recommended one.
  - Hydraulic Oil and Grease Recommended for Hydraulic Grab by Soosan

LUBE & SPEC		HYDRAULIC OIL				
	SUMMER	WINTER	ALL SEASON	(MOS2)		
Manufacturer	ISO VG 46	ISO VG 32	ISO VG 46	NLGI No2		
	MOBIL DTE 25	MOBIL DTE 24	MOBIL DTE 15M	MOBIL GREASE SPECIAL		
MOBIL		MOBIL SHC 525 *				
	MOB	MOBILITH SHC 220 *				
LG-CALTEX	RANDOHD 46	RANDO HD 32	NEW RANDO HD CZ	MOLYTEX EP2		
BP	ENERGOL HP46	ENERGOL HP32	ENERGOL HP46	-		
SHELL	TELLUS 46	TELLUS 32	TELLUS T 46	RETINAX HDX-2		

★: Synthetic Lubricant

★★: Environmentally Friendly Synthetic Lubricant

Oil Contamination

Contaminated oil results in malfunctions of the breaker as well as the base machine and causes damage to parts. Pay special attention to oil contamination.

Contaminated oil should be changed without delay. When changing oil, thoroughly wash oil tank, cylinder and pipes. Cleaning or replacing oil filter also requires check for oil contamination.

* Replacement of filter : after first 50 hours and every 100 hours thereafter

* Replacement of hydraulic oil : every 500 hours



Hydraulic oil Temperature and viscosity

Do operate the hydraulic breaker at oil temperatures from 20°C/68°F to 80°C/176°F. Operation at higher temperatures can damage the internal components of the breaker and carrier there will result in reduced breaker performance.

### ■ Criterion of Oil Contamination and Malfunction

(General Analysis)

Analysis Item	Criterion	Causes and Effects when exceed the criterion
Adhesiveness	Within±10% (40℃ cst)	Adhesiveness rarely decreases because of hydraulic oil, Entry of different kind of oil may reduce the adhesiveness which contributes to rising oil temperature, wear and scratch of bearing and gear and malfunction of hydraulic oil.
Oxidizing Level	Less than 0.3 (mg KOH/g)	Use of lubricating oil in a long period or in a high temperature (above 60°C) will oxidize it. Oxidizing level rises as oxidization proceeds. Sludge will be produced during the process and it leads to malfunction, corrosion and ageing.
Moisture	Less than 0.1 (%)	Moisture causes rust, wear and scratch. Moisture of 0.3% goes considerably rusty and moisture of 0.5% occurs the damage of machine.

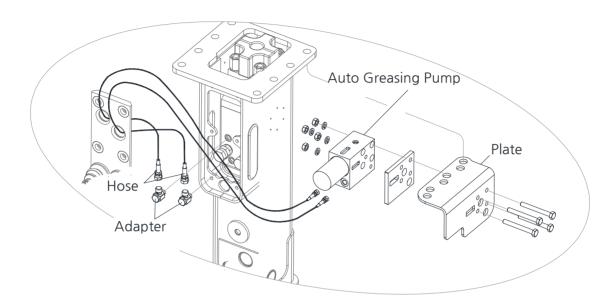
 Criterion of Oil Malfunction by Hydraulic Oil Color (Simple discrimination by ASTM color)
 Hydraulic oil turns black as the breaker fails to display best performance. The old oil is assumed to be contaminated when there is a visual difference between the old new oil color and functions begin to deteriorate when hydraulic oil turns darker than the new oil color (ASTM number) by more than two.



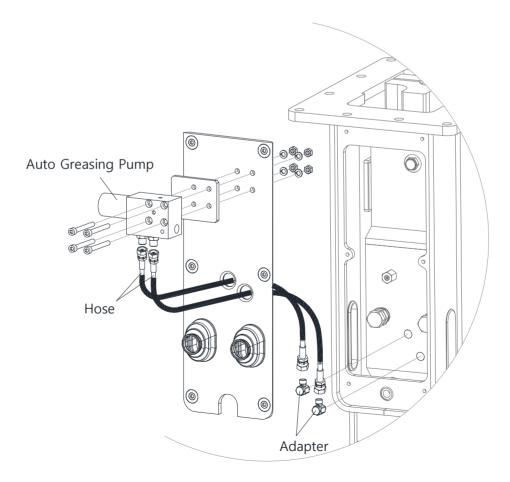
55

# 12. Auto Lubrication (Option)

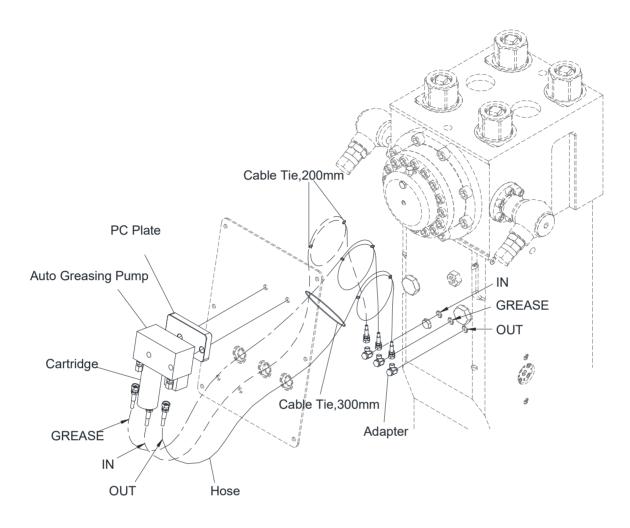
### ■ SQ10 ~ SQ43



■ SQ45 ~ SQ50



■ SQ60 ~ SQ180





## MAINTENANCE FOLLOW-UP

In order to follow the maintenance of a hydraulic breaker, a maintenance card presented below can be used



HYDRAULIC BREAKER SERVICE CARD NO._____

Equipment

Model type

S/No._____

S/No._____

### SERVICE IMFORMATION

Purpose of the	service	Serviceman	
Service Date		Engine working ho	ours

Replaced parts		Part inspection					
Qty	Description	Part No.	Description	S/No.	Repaired	Replaced	ОК
			Cylinder				
			Motor				
Percussion Rotation							
mechanism tested and mechanism tested							

Remarks